CLAIMS:

1. A light source control system comprising:

at least one light source, each light source emitting a light signal at a discrete frequency and a reference signal at the discrete frequency;

a photodetector optically coupled to the light source, the photodetector designed to receive the light signal; and

at least one lock-in system coupled to the photodetector and each light source, each lock-in system receiving the light signal from the photodector and receiving the reference signal from the light source;

wherein each lock-in system produces an intensity value of the light source based on the light signal and the reference signal.

- 2. The apparatus of claim 1 wherein each light source comprises:
 - a control unit; and
- a colored light source designed to receive a drive signal from the control unit and produce the light signal based on the drive signal.
- 3. The apparatus of claim 2 wherein the control unit is designed to receive a clock signal and a power signal, produce the reference signal at the discrete frequency based on the clock signal, and produce the drive signal based on the reference signal and the power signal.
- 4. The apparatus of claim 1 wherein the photodetector comprises a single-junction photodiode.
- 5. The apparatus of claim 1 wherein the intensity value is the intensity of the light signal at the associated discrete frequency.

- 6. The apparatus of claim 1 wherein each lock-in system comprises:
 - a frequency multiplier; and
 - a filter, the filter coupled to the frequency multiplier;

wherein the intensity value is the product of the received light signal and the reference signal processed through the frequency multiplier, and filtered to remove non-dc portions.

- 7. The apparatus of claim 6 wherein the filter is a low-pass filter.
- 8. The apparatus of claim 1 wherein the photodetector comprises a multi-junction photodiode.
- 9. The apparatus of claim 8 wherein each junction of the multi-junction photodiode receives a portion of the light signal, the portion of the light signal received based on an associated spectra of the light signal.
- 10. The apparatus of claim 9 wherein the at least one lock-in system comprises a plurality of lock-in devices, each lock-in device coupled to the photodetector to receive a portion of the light signal.
 - 11. The apparatus of claim 10 wherein each lock-in device comprises:
 - a frequency multiplier; and
 - a filter, the filter coupled to the frequency multiplier;
- wherein a partial intensity value is produced from the product of the portion light signal received by the lock-in device and the reference signal processed through the frequency multiplier, and filtered to remove non-dc portions.
- 12. The apparatus of claim 11 wherein the intensity value is the sum of the partial intensity values.

- 13. The apparatus of claim 11 wherein the filter is a low-pass filter.
- 14. A method for sensing intensity of a light source:
 emitting at least one light signal, each light signal emitted at a discrete
 frequency;

transmitting a reference signal associated with each of the light signals at the associated discrete frequency; and

producing an intensity value based on the light signal and the associated reference signal.

- 15. The method of claim 14 wherein emitting the light signal comprises:
 receiving a clock signal;
 receiving a power signal; and
 producing the light signal based on the clock signal and the power signal.
- 16. The method of claim 14 wherein transmitting the at least one reference signal comprises:

receiving a clock signal; and producing the reference signal based on the clock signal.

- 17. The method of claim 14 wherein producing the light signal comprises: receiving the light signal into a lock-in system; multiplying the light signal by the associated reference signal; and filtering non-dc portions from the multiplied signal.
- 18. The method of claim 17 wherein receiving the light signal comprises: collecting the light signal with a photodetector; and passing the collected light signal to the lock-in system.

19. The method of claim 17 wherein receiving the light signal comprises: collecting a first portion of the light signal with a first portion of the photodetector;

collecting a second portion of the light signal with a second portion of the photodetector;

passing the first portion of the light signal to a first lock-in device within the lock-in system; and

passing the second portion of the light signal to a second lock-in device within the lock-in system.

- 20. The method of claim 19 wherein producing the light signal further comprises: summing the first portion of the filtered light signal and the second portion of the filtered light signal.
- 21. A system for sensing intensity of a light source:

 means for emitting at least one light signal, each light signal emitted at a discrete frequency;

means for transmitting a reference signal associated with each of the light signals at the associated discrete frequency; and

means for producing an intensity value based on the light signal and the associated reference signal.